

# Hepatitis B: the next big thing?

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**CIDRZ**

# Things to take away from this talk:

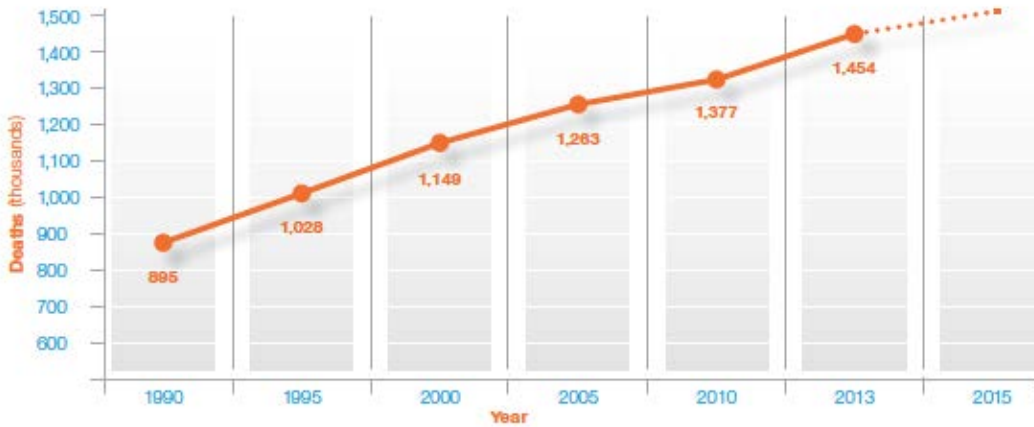
1. Hepatitis B virus (HBV) causes substantial mortality and morbidity worldwide and in Zambia.
2. There is growing global recognition of HBV by multiple stakeholders.
3. CIDRZ has worked on HBV since 2013 and has the potential to become a leading African implementer of HBV research and programs.

# Hepatitis B virus: an overview

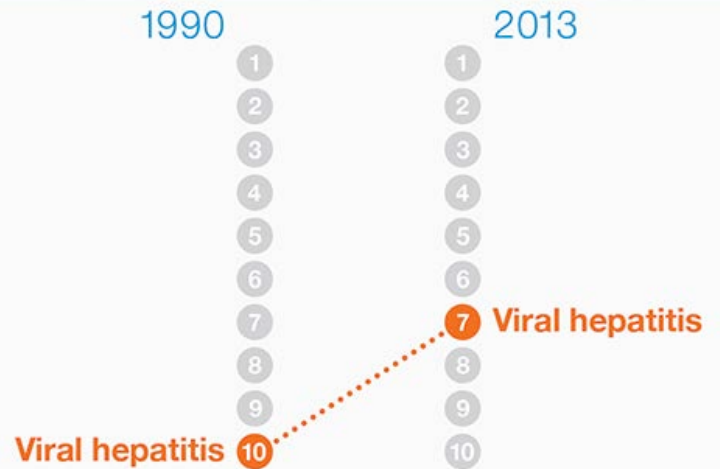
- One of the 'hepatitis viruses (A, B, C, D, and E)
- Spread via mother-to-child, blood, and body fluids (i.e., sex).
- An effective vaccine exists; however, vaccine use is far from universal.
- After infection, some develop cirrhosis (liver scarring), liver failure, and liver cancer.
- Easy to diagnose with rapid finger prick test.
- Treatment with antiviral drugs suppresses but rarely leads to cure (lifelong therapy often needed like in HIV)

# From the Global Burden of Disease study

**Viral hepatitis kills more than 1.4 million people a year**, yet there is a remarkable lack of global awareness and action to combat the disease.



## TOP 10 LEADING CAUSES OF MORTALITY 1990–2013\*



grouping of viral hepatitis in this analysis differs from the standard Global Burden of Disease data ranking

# Growing awareness of hepatitis

The number of countries with national hepatitis plans



## Hepatitis

### Publications on hepatitis

2016

Viral Hepatitis Strategic Information and Modelling Reference Group Meeting report | 14–16 June 2016 | WHO headquarters, Geneva, Switzerland  
6 December 2016

Monitoring and evaluation framework for HBV and HBC elimination Poster: 10 core indicators: global and national levels  
1 December 2016

Guidelines on hepatitis B and C testing  
Policy brief  
14 November 2016

Access to hepatitis C treatment - 2016  
Infographic - November 2016  
1 November 2016

Global report on access to hepatitis C treatment - Focus on overcoming barriers  
27 October 2016

Technical considerations and case definitions to improve surveillance for viral hepatitis  
Policy brief  
11 August 2016

Global health sector strategy on viral hepatitis 2016-2021  
30 June 2016

Tenofovir to prevent hepatitis B transmission in mothers with high viral load  
Article published by New England Journal of Medicine  
16 June 2016

Combating hepatitis B and C to reach elimination by 2030  
Advocacy brief  
27 May 2016

Guidelines for the screening, care and treatment of persons with chronic hepatitis C infection  
Updated version, April 2016  
13 April 2016

Monitoring and evaluation for viral hepatitis B and C: recommended indicators and framework  
Technical report  
1 April 2016

Prevalence and burden of HCV co-infection in people living with HIV  
A global systematic review and meta-analysis  
7 March 2016

**Table 3.** Potential HBV Therapies in the Pipeline With Known Site of Action

Site of Action	Drug	Company	Status
<b>Antiviral</b>			
Entry inhibitor	Myrcodex B	Hepatera/MYR GmbH	Phase 2
cccDNA inhibitor			Preclinical
RNA silencers	ARC-520/-521	Arrowhead	Terminated
	ARB-1467	Arbutus	Phase 2
	ARB-1740	Arbutus	Preclinical
	ALN-HBV	Alnylam	Phase 1/2
	GSK 3228836	GlaxoSmithKline/Ionis	Phase 1
Core protein inhibitors	AL-3778	Alios/Johnson & Johnson	Phase 1/2
	ABI-H0731	Assembly Biosciences	Phase 1
	BAY 41-4109	AtCuris (Germany)	Phase 1
	GLS4	HEC	Phase 1
	JNJ-56136379	Johnson & Johnson	Phase 1
	AB-423	Arbutus	Preclinical
HBsAg release inhibitors	REP 2139	Replicor	Phase 2
	REP 2165	Replicor	Phase 2
<b>Immunomodulators</b>			
TLR-7 agonist	GS-9620	Gilead Sciences	Phase 2
Therapeutic vaccines	GS-4774	Gilead Sciences	Complete phase 2
	ABX 203	ABIVAX (France)	Phase 2/3
	AIC649	AtCuris (Germany)	Phase 1
	FB-02.2	Altimmune	Phase 1
	INO-1800	Inovio	Phase 1
	TG1050	Transgene (France)	Phase 1
<b>Small molecules</b>			
• RIG-1 NOD2 activator	SB 9200	Spring Bank Pharmaceuticals	Phase 2
• SMAC inhibitor	Birinapant	TetraLogic	Terminated
• Checkpoint inhibitors	PD-1/PDL-2 mAb	Merck Sharp and Dohme; Bristol-Myers Squibb	
	CTLA-4 mAb		

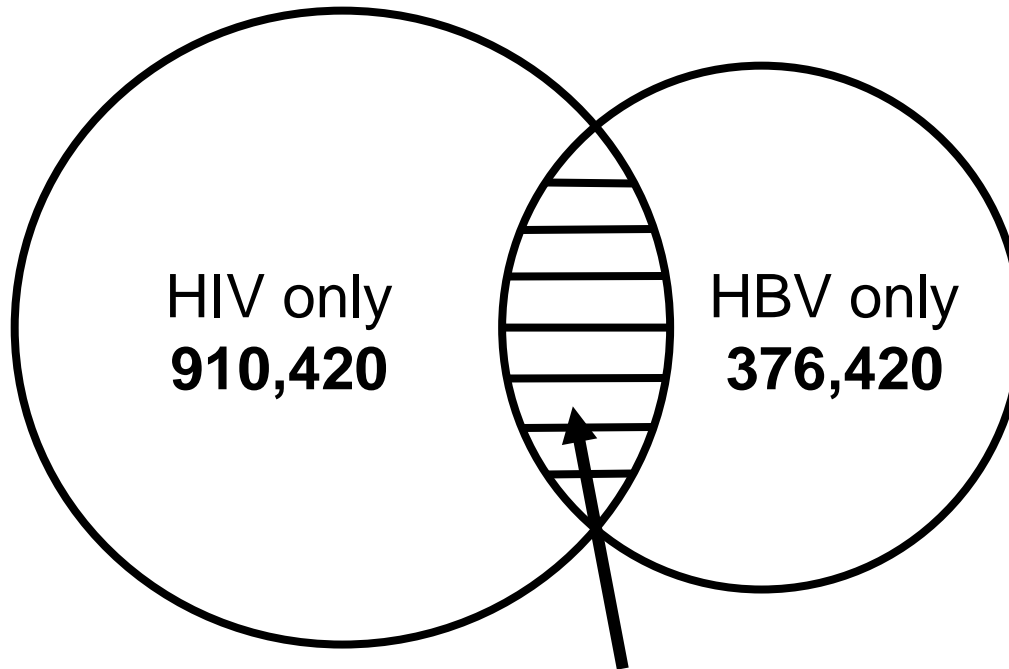
cccDNA, covalently closed circular DNA; CTLA-4, cytotoxic T-lymphocyte-associated protein 4; HBsAg, hepatitis B surface antigen; HBV, hepatitis B virus; mAb, monoclonal antibody; PD-1, programmed cell death protein 1; PDL-2, programmed death-ligand 2; RIG-1 NOD2, retinoic acid-inducible gene 1 nucleotide-binding oligomerization domain-containing protein 2; SMAC, second mitochondrial activator of caspase; TLR, toll-like receptor.

## Pipeline of new HBV drugs is substantial:

- 25 new drug candidates
- 16 pharmaceutical companies
- Nearly all in early phases

# HBV in Zambia

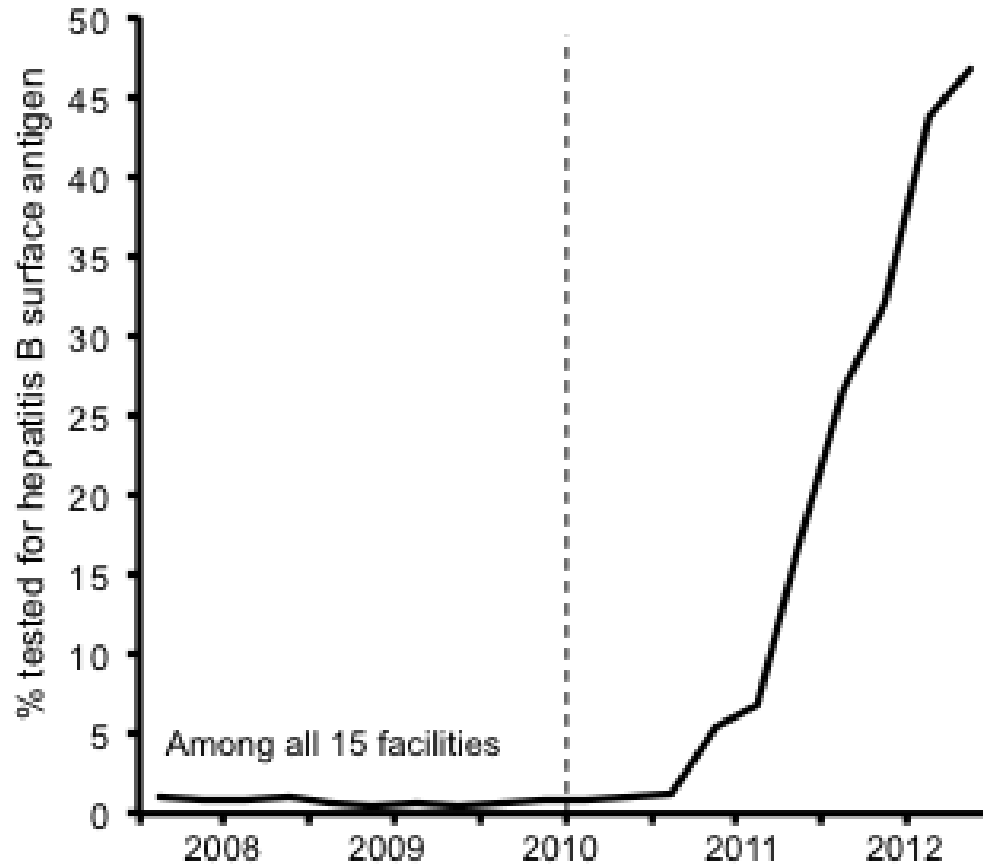
**HIV**  
**12%**



**Both HIV and HBV (i.e., coinfection)**  
**69,580**

**HBV**  
**6%**

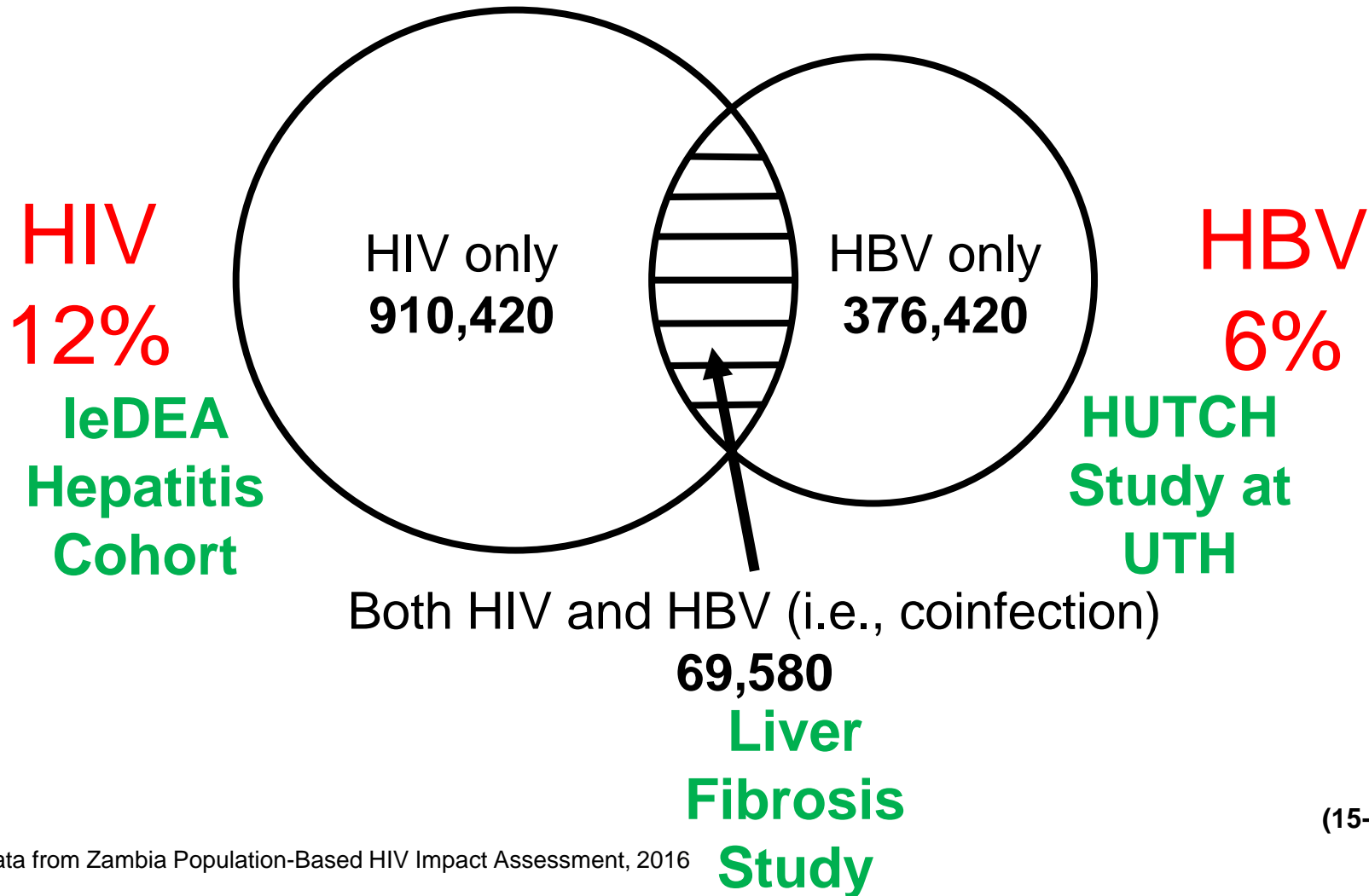
# Growing awareness of HBV in Zambia



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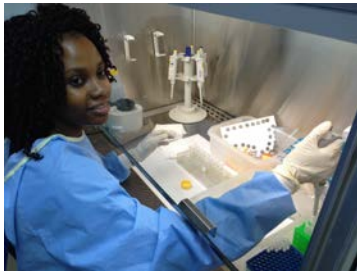


# 3 CIDRZ projects investigating HBV with and without HIV

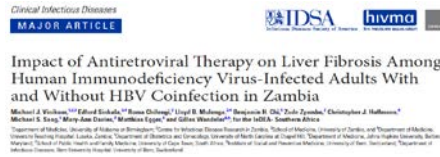


Zambian adult population (15-59 years old) is estimated at 8,000,000

# Through these projects, what have we accomplished so far?



**6,000**  
HBV tests  
performed



**10** peer-  
reviewed articles  
published  
**14** abstracts at  
international  
meetings



The Zambian  
Ministry of  
Health

**2** members of  
the Hepatitis  
Steering  
Committee



**900,000**  
(USD) in funding

# What we aspire to do

- Expand collaborations with international and regional HBV experts
- Strengthen laboratory capacity for HBV virology
  - Gain experience with novel tests for HBV functional cure
  - Evaluate new diagnostic tests that can be used at scale in places like Zambia
- Demonstrate the capacity to identify and enroll large numbers of HBV patients into studies and programs
- Raise HBV awareness at MoH, among health workers, in the community

# CIDRZ Hepatitis Program 2027

